### Chloroform-d

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision: 24.03.2025

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance CAS number

Alternative name(s)

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

general use

Chloroform-d

CDCI3, trichloromethane-d

865-49-6

#### **1.3** Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Zeochem AG Joweid 5, CH-8630 Rüti Switzerland Telephone: +41 44 922 93 93 e-Mail: info@zeochem.com Website: https://www.zeochem.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison centre					
Country	Name	Telephone			
Switzerland	Toxzentrum Zürich / Tox. Info Suisse	+41 44 251 51 51 / CH: 145 - 24h/7d			
United States	CHEMTREC USA	+1 800 424 9300 - 24h/7d			

Poison centre		
Country	Name	Telephone
Switzerland	Toxzentrum Zürich / Tox. Info Suisse	+41 44 251 51 51 / CH: 145 - 24h/7d
United States	CHEMTREC USA	+1 800 424 9300 - 24h/7d

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
2.6	flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227
3.10	acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315



# Safety Data Sheet

Chloroform-d

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision: 24.03.2025

#### Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.6	carcinogenicity	2	Carc. 2	H351
3.7	reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361d
3.9	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
4.1A	hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	3	Aquatic Acute 3	H402

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling

- Signal word danger

#### 2.2.1.2 Pictograms

GHS06, GHS08	

Hazard statements					
H227	H227 combustible liquid				
H302	harmful if swallowed				
H315	causes skin irritation				
H319	causes serious eye irritation				
H331	toxic if inhaled				
H351	suspected of causing cancer				
H361d	suspected of damaging the unborn child				
H372	causes damage to organs (liver, kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled)				
H402	harmful to aquatic life				

	Precautionary statements					
P201	obtain special instructions before use					
P210	keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking					
P260	do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray					



### Chloroform-d

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision: 24.03.2025

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

Safety Data Sheet

Precautionary statements						
P270	P270 do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product					
P271	use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area					
P273	avoid release to the environment					
P280	wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection					
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water					
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing					
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing					
P311	call a POISON CENTER/doctor					
P321	specific treatment (see on this label)					
P330	rinse mouth					
P362+P364	take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse					
P370+P378	in case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish					
P403+P233	store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed					
P403+P235	store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool					
P405	store locked up					
P501	dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations					

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance Chlorofo			
Identifiers			
CAS No	865-49-6		
Purity	>90 %		
Molecular formula	CDCl3		
Molar mass	120 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>mol</sub>		



## Safety Data Sheet

**ZEOCHEM** 

Chloroform-d

Revision: 24.03.2025

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

# **4.3** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed none

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

#### Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.



## Safety Data Sheet

ZEOCHEM®

Chloroform-d

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision: 24.03.2025

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

#### Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Recommendations

Store in a dry place.

#### - Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

#### - Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.



## Safety Data Sheet

ZEOCHEM®

Chloroform-d

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision: 24.03.2025

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

#### - Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels
- Storage temperature

Recommended storage temperature: 4 – 6 °C 2 °C

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)									
Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier		TWA [mg/m³]			Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Source
CN	trichloromethane (chloroform)	67-66-3	OEL		20				GBZ 2.1

<u>Notation</u>

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.



# Safety Data Sheet

ZEOCHEM®

**Chloroform-d** 

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision: 24.03.2025

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

#### Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leaktightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Type of material
- Nitrile

IIR: isobutene-isoprene (butyl) rubber

- Breakthrough times of the glove material

>30 minutes (permeation: level 2)

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Colour	not determined
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odour	characteristic

#### Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	-64.7 – -64.2 °C at 4 hPa
Initial boiling point and boiling range	61.5 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flash point	>60 °C at 1,019 hPa (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)



Safety Data Sheet

### Chloroform-d

Revision: 24.03.2025

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

Vapour pressure	698 hPa at 50 °C	
Density	1.45 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 20 °C	
Vapour density	this information is not available	
Solubility(ies)		

- Water solubility	4.6 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>l</sub> at 20 °C
--------------------	--

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	>1.6 (pH value: 9, 23 °С) (ЕСНА)
Auto-ignition temperature	>453 °C at 1,005 hPa (есна)
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidising properties	none

#### 9.2 Other information

Surface tension	72.3 <sup>mN</sup> / <sub>m</sub> (20 °C) (ECHA)
-----------------	--

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". It's a reactive substance. The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

#### If heated:

**Risk of ignition** 

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### **10.5** Incompatible materials

Oxidisers



## Safety Data Sheet

ZEOCHEM®

Chloroform-d

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision: 24.03.2025

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Classification acc. to GHS**

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Toxic if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) Oral 500 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>kg</sub> Inhalation: vapour 3 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>l</sub>/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (liver, kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).

Hazard category	Target organ	Exposure route
1	liver	if inhaled
1	kidney	if inhaled

#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.



# Safety Data Sheet

### Chloroform-d

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision: 24.03.2025

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
EC50	13.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	
EC50	560 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	
EC50	13.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	
ECO	1,100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	
EC0	185 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	

#### **12.2 Persistence and degradability** Data are not available.

Data al e fiot available.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

$n_{\rm octapol}/water (log KOW)$	>1.6 (nH yalue: $9.23$ °C) (ECHA)
n-octanol/water (log KOW)	>1.6 (pH value: 9, 23 °С) (ЕСНА)

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\ge 0,1\%$ .

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.



### **Chloroform-d**

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision: 24.03.2025

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

**SECTION 14: Transport information** 

SECI	Section 14. Transport information				
14.1	UN number				
	UN RTDG	UN 1888			
	IMDG-Code	UN 1888			
	ICAO-TI	UN 1888			
14.2	UN proper shipping name				
	UN RTDG	CHLOROFORM			
	IMDG-Code	CHLOROFORM			
	ICAO-TI	Chloroform			
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)				
	UN RTDG	6.1			
	IMDG-Code	6.1			
	ICAO-TI	6.1			
14.4	Packing group				
	UN RTDG	III			
	IMDG-Code	III			
	ICAO-TI	III			
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan- gerous goods regulations			
14.6	<b>Special precautions for user</b> There is no additional information.				
14.7	7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk. Information for each of the UN Model Regulations				
	Transport information - National regulations - A	dditional information (UN RTDG)			
	UN number	1888			
	Class	6.1			

Packing group	
Danger label(s)	



III 6.1



### **Chloroform-d**

Revision: 24.03.2025

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

Safety Data Sheet

ces	version of. 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)	
	Special provisions (SP)	- (UN RTDG)
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1 (UN RTDG)
	Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L (UN RTDG)
]	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (	IMDG) - Additional information
	Marine pollutant	-
	Danger label(s)	6.1
	Special provisions (SP)	-
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
	Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L
	EmS	F-A, S-A
	Stowage category	A
	Segregation group	10 - Liquid halogenated hydrocarbons
	International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-I	ATA/DGR) - Additional information
	Danger label(s)	6.1
	Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
	Limited quantities (LQ)	2 L

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# **15.1** Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture There is no additional information.

#### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed (ACTIVE)

#### <u>Legend</u>

REACH Reg.REACH registered substancesTSCAToxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

page 12 / 13



## Safety Data Sheet

ZEOCHEM®

**Chloroform-d** 

Classification acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Revision: 24.03.2025

Version number: GHS 8.0 Replaces version of: 24.03.2025 (GHS 7)

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Key literature references and sources for data

General Rule for Classification and Hazard Communication of Chemicals (National Standard GB 13690). National Standard: Safety Data Sheet for Chemical Products - Content and Order of Sections. GB/T 16483. National Standard: Guidance on Compilation of Safety Data Sheet for Chemical Products. GB/T 17519.

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

#### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H227	Combustible liquid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs (liver, kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).
H402	Harmful to aquatic life.

#### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

